

richest Georgian poetry and Georgian folklore. In these masterpieces the woman occurs not only the mother of a family, but also a politician, defender of motherland. At the same

The worship honored in Georgian society is mainly associated with a woman represented in Georgian language - motherland (earth), Mother-idea (Georgian language), Mother's Day is a holiday in Georgia (March 3), etc.

But traditionally in Georgian society the men play the dominant role. There is no discriminative statement in Georgian legislation toward women, the actual women social positions on the behalf of men priority is obvious. Research results of the sociologists - women who work, approximately have 40% of Housekeeping labour is a heavy burden for them. Men devote much less time to housework than women.

On September 22, 1994, Georgia joined "Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women", by that the country is responsible to exercise all the articles of the convention. The main state bodies, who work on the problems given in the convention, are the Ministries of Health, Education, Internal Affairs, Social Security, Refugees and Internally Displaced Persons.

In Georgia, the Institute of Public Defender for protection of human rights and freedoms all over Georgia and the Committee for Human Rights and National Minorities pay attention to this problem. The Subcommittee of Mothers and Children participates in the exercise of the state's control over its implementation.

According to Article 23 of the Constitution (Ombudsman) was established to supervise the implementation of the law over the country, naturally including the rights of women. In the Parliament of Georgia, the Ombudsman pays a serious attention to the exercise of the state's control over its implementation.

The President founded a specific position of the Deputy Secretary of the National Security Council of Georgia on Human Rights, and mandated it with a wide controlling power. There is established a Department of Rights Issues, the Head of the Department is obliged to work on women's rights problems. Approximately 60 NGO's activities are bound to women problems. Their fields are various (charities, labour management, cultural and educational activities and etc.). There are no purely feministically orientated organisations in Georgia. Such organisations are taken into consideration the traditions and culture of the country.

Plan The Government recognised NGOs as an important partner in solving women's
problems. The co-operation between government institutions and NGOs emerges as
one of the main factors of political and economic transformation in Georgia. 9 members of NGO's are
members of the State Commission.

PART THREE

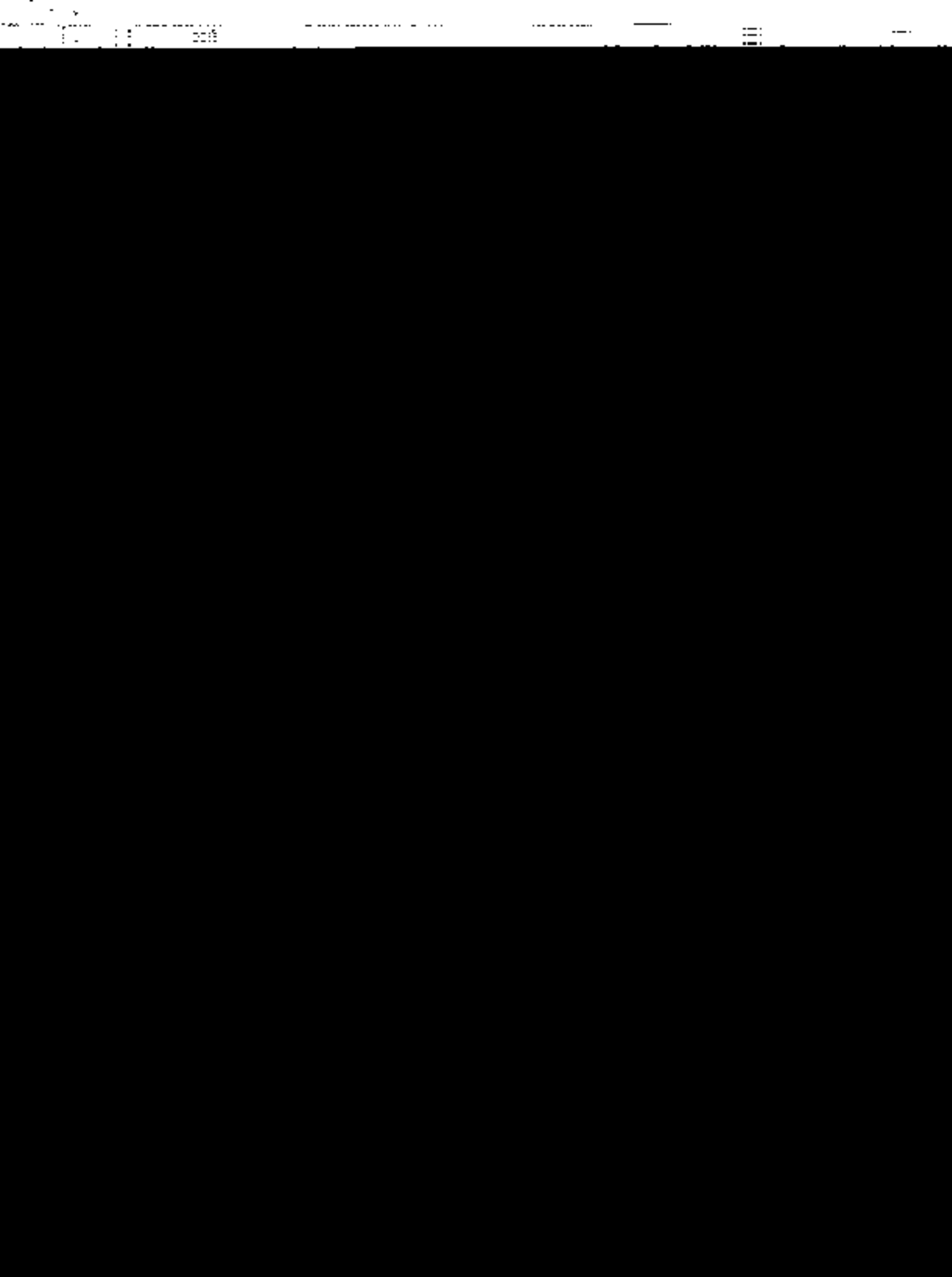
Implementation of the national strategy on gender issues in Georgia

A. innovative policies, programmes, projects and g

4. To establish a Department on Women Issues and

engaged in business, including small business and creation of favourable conditions – like soft credits and tax benefits, for starting such business.

- The poverty growth among women in transitional period mostly depends on the economic situation in the country. Ministry of Agriculture and Food is working out the



- Nelli Gurgenzidze** - Vice-President of E. Shevardnadze's Fund "Democracy and Revival"
- Nana Devdariani** - Editor of newspaper "Samshoblo-Forte", Head of the NGO "Business Women"
- Eka Ebralidze** - State Chancellery, State Adviser, the National Director of UNDP Project "Women in Development"

Nino Kobakhidze - Deputy Minister of Culture

Gilgi Matsisidze - Member of UNDP Project "Women in Development"

Urina Jhvania - Member of UNDP Project "Women in Development"

David Salavidze - Public Defender (Ombudsman)

Eka Sepashvili - Member of UNDP Project "Women in Development"

Marina Gudushauri - Deputy Minister of Health of Georgia

Zaza Shengelia - Deputy State Minister of Georgia

Nino Chkhobadze - Minister of Ecology

Nani Charushvili - Member of the Parliament, Parliamentary Club

Darejan Charbadze - Deputy Minister of Post and Communication

Liana Khashviani - Head of Apparatus of Ministry of Social Affairs

Nino Javakhishvili - President of Women's Council, Member of the Academy of Science of Georgia

Chantia Khashviani - General Director of E. Shevardnadze's Fund "Democracy and Revival"

E. Shevardnadze

ORDER OF THE PRESIDENT OF GEORGIA

**ON APPROVAL OF THE PLAN OF ACTION
FOR IMPROVING WOMEN'S CONDITIONS
IN GEORGIA FOR 1998-2000**

№ 308

18 June, 1998

Tbilisi

1. To approve the enclosed Plan of Action for Improving Women's Conditions in Georgia for 1998-2000.

2. To address International Organisations to assist the Government of Georgia

in the implementation of the activities considered in the enclosed Plan.

3. To entrust the Government Commission on Elaboration of the State Policy for Women's Development (R. Beridze) to monitor implementation of the present Order.

E. Shevardnadze

2. Increasing
 Women's
 Participation
 in Decision-
 Making
 Processes

1. Women
 2. Facilitate
 Informal
 AWH
 business
 self-employment
 women

3. Economic

the
 is and
 in the
 tang

Increase
 the power

5. Women and Armed Conflicts

protection of women and girls in armed conflict and after hostilities

UN Security Council Resolution 1325 (2000)

UN Security Council Resolution 1820 (2008)

UN Security Council Resolution 1889 (2009)

UN Security Council Resolution 1907 (2010)

UN Security Council Resolution 1975 (2011)

UN Security Council Resolution 2122 (2013)

UN Security Council Resolution 2174 (2014)

UN Security Council Resolution 2206 (2015)

UN Security Council Resolution 2282 (2016)

UN Security Council Resolution 2321 (2017)

UN Security Council Resolution 2354 (2017)

UN Security Council Resolution 2389 (2017)

UN Security Council Resolution 2429 (2018)

UN Security Council Resolution 2467 (2019)

UN Security Council Resolution 2500 (2020)

UN Security Council Resolution 2532 (2020)

UN Security Council Resolution 2577 (2021)

6. Women and Health Improvement

WHO Women's and Girls' Empowerment and Health (WAGE) Initiative

WHO Women's and Girls' Empowerment and Health (WAGE) Initiative

WHO Women's and Girls' Empowerment and Health (WAGE) Initiative

WHO Women's and Girls' Empowerment and Health (WAGE) Initiative

WHO Women's and Girls' Empowerment and Health (WAGE) Initiative

WHO Women's and Girls' Empowerment and Health (WAGE) Initiative

WHO Women's and Girls' Empowerment and Health (WAGE) Initiative

WHO Women's and Girls' Empowerment and Health (WAGE) Initiative

WHO Women's and Girls' Empowerment and Health (WAGE) Initiative

