## Beijing Statement of the Second United Nations Global Sustainable Transport Conference

1. Heads of State and Government and high-level representatives, met in person and virtually from 14 to 16 October ! 1 at the Second "nited #ations Global Sustainable \$ransport %onference, &hich &as held in 'ei(ing, %hina, &ith participation of other relevant sta)eholders. \$he "nited #ations Secretary-General convened the %onference in response to General \*ssembly resolution + , 1 , and as a follo&-up to the first Global Sustainable \$ransport

contribute to the attainment of the S2Gs.

- +. \*t the same time, sustainable transport and ade@uate transport services are still lac)ing in many parts of the &orld, especially in developing countries, including countries in special situations and remote rural areas, constraining connectivity to regional and global transport net&or)s. Oven &here transport infrastructure and systems are present, they may not provide safe, affordable, and convenient access for all, particularly for groups in vulnerable situations, such as the poor, &omen, children and youth, older persons, and persons &ith disabilities. O-isting transport net&or)s can also face other challenges, such as congestion, poor maintenance, and lac) of resilience to disasters, e-treme &eather events and climate change.
- A. 5n many cases, transport can also generate negative impacts along several different dimensions of sustainable development. \*bout a @uarter of energy-related global greenhouse gas 6GHG7 emissions are generated by transport and these emissions are pro(ected to gro& substantially in the years to come, further e-acerbating climate change, unless p

- elements, such as streamlined customs and border-crossing regulatory frame&or)s, including through global initiatives, regional and interregional strategies and plans.
- (e) 4rioriti.e inclusive, reliable, safe, accessible, and affordable public transport, non-motori.ed transport 6&al)ing and cycling7 and multi-modal transport options in urban areas as essential components of sustainable transport solutions, including through integrated urban transport planning and investments and by offering ade@uate public space and infrastructure, and incorporating safe bi)e lanes and side&al)s.
- (f) Significantly increase road safety globally, including, for e-ample, by using safety performance standards mandatory protective gear for t&o-&heelers safe infrastructure for non-motori.ed transport the establishment and improvement of transport emergency response systems and raising a&areness through publicity and education campaigns.
- (g) \*ccelerate the mobili.ation of the transport sector to&ard climate action, including through increased international cooperation, policies, regulations, standards and incentives, sustainable planning, increased commitments, and efforts to decarboni.e passenger and freight transport across all transport modes 6road, rail, &aterborne and aviation7 &hile paying special attention to the needs of countries in special situations and vulnerable groups.
- (h) Strengthen resilience of transport systems, including as part of climate change adaptation, and through the inclusion of climate and e-treme &eather event pro(ections in the assessment, planning, engineering, and design process, especially in areas of high vulnerability.
- (i) Onsure the sustainable rebuilding and smooth flo& of international supply chains and facilitate cross-border movement of people and goods, including medical supplies, for the benefit of global response to the %O; 52-1/ pandemic and global economic recovery.
- (j) Support the transport sector in improving its epidemic prevention and response capabilities and ensure the safety and health of transport &or)ers, including seafarers.
- (k) 5ncrease the coverage, timeliness, and @uality of data, and establish a harmoni.ed data collection, management and sharing system related to sustainable transport to allo& for better monitoring and reporting on transport-related goals.

## Follow up and implementation

- 1. 5n follo&ing up, sta) eholders in the sustainable transport community may consider to E
  - (a) "se lessons learned from the %O;52-1/ pandemic to rethin) passenger and freight transport and come up &ith solutions &hich can &ithstand possible future crises and support the achievement of the !9! \*genda and the 4aris \*greement as &ell as global economic recovery.
  - (b) 5ntegrate sustainable transport ob(ectives into national development plans, %O; 52-1/stimulus and recovery pac) ages as &ell as #ationally 2 etermined %ontributions 6# 2%s7, in a mutually supportive and synergistic manner.
  - (c) 5nvite the "nited #ations General \*ssembly to convene a third %onference on Sustainable \$ransport to revie& progress and guide the global sustainable transport transformation, &hich &ould feed into the global revie& of the !9! \*genda at the "nited #ations High: evel 4olitical 8orum on sustainable development 6H: 487, the "#8%%% %O4 meetings"

and other international fora.

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