UNITED NATIONS APPEALS TRIBUNAL TRIBUNAL D'APPEL DES NATIONS UNIES



Judgment No. 2022-UNAT-1280

AAA

(Appellant/Respondent on Cross-Appeal)

v.

Secretary-General of the United Nations (Respondent/Appellant on Cross-Appeal)

JUDGMENT

Before: Judge Kanwaldeep Sandhu, Presiding

Judge Dimitrios Raikos

Judge Sabine Knierim

Case No.: 2021-1608 & 2021-1612

Date of Decision: 28 October 2022

Date of Publication: 6 December 2022

Registrar: Juliet Johnson

Counsel for AAA: Víctor Rodríguez

Counsel for Secretary-General: Angélique Trouche

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JUDGE KANWALDEEP SANDHU, PRESIDING.

- 1. AAA, a former staff member, was separated from service for failure to report alleged sexual abuse by a fellow worker and for refusal to participate, without justification, in an interview investigating his failure to report. AAA filed an application challenging the sanction decision before the United Nations Dispute Tribunal (Dispute Tribunal or UNDT).
- 2. In Judgment No. UNDT/2021/091 (the impugned Judgment) the Dispute Tribunal held there was not clear and convincing evidence of misconduct because 1) AAA only had hearsay information of the abuse allegation, 2) AAA did not have the details required for reporting under Section 4.5 of ST/AI/2017/1 ("Unsatisfactory conduct, investigations and the disciplinary process"), and 3) the Administration was already aware of the allegations. As for the alleged refusal to cooperate, the Dispute Trobunal held the Administration could have waited to interview AAA. As a result, the Dispute Tribunal rescinded the contested decision¹ to impose on AAA a sanction of separation from service with pay in lieu of notice and without termination indemnity for serious misconduct, and ordered that, in lieu of reinstatement, AAA should be paid compensation of 12 months' net base salary. Both parties appeal the Judgment to the United Nations Appeals Trbunal (Appeals Tribunal or UNAT) .

Facts and Procedure

ne contested decision, AAA held a continuing appointment at the

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23. In the Judgment, the Dispute Tribunal held that the evidence was not sufficiently convincing to establish AAA's misconduct. The Dispute Tribunal rescinded the decision to impose the disciplinary sanction of separation from service and ordered compensation

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33. The Dispute Tribunal erred in law by finding that AAA could not be required to "report
an allegation of rape which he heard from another person who attended court". 11 It is an error
of law to require first-

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consultation with the Medical Services Division". The Dispute Tribunal created a new requirement, namely that the MSD should have examined or spoken to AAA.¹⁴

- 38. After OIOS' documented efforts, it was within the Administration's discretion to close the investigation on 31 January 2019 and AAA had no right to be interviewed before doing so. AAA was able to comment on the allegations against him in the course of the disciplinary process, and such comments were duly taken into account, as extensively reflected in the contested sanction decision. Also, OIOS waited for AAA for over two months and reasonably exercised its discretion to close the investigation under the circumstances.
- 39. The Secretary-General requests the Judgment be vacated and the disciplinary sanction decision be upheld.

Considerations

40. The issue before us is whether the Dispute Tribunal erred in its determination that there was not clear and convincing evidence that AAA violated the duty to report the allegations against CE because AAA had hearsay and incomplete information and/or that AAA failed to

53. Further, the Dispute Tribunal held that it should not be "presumed" that AAA had a "concern or suspicion" about the alleged abuse

57.	As a result,	the Dispute '	Tribunal e	erred in l	aw in its	interpretat	ion of Secti	on 4.1 a	nd 4.5
of ST/	AI/2017/1.								

58 .	Further,	the Dispute	Tribunal	ignored	relevant	evidence	that AA	A participated	in a
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61. In conclusion, the Dispute Tribunal erred in fact and in law when it held that there was not clear and convincing evidence of AAA's failure to report the rape allegations against CE.
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- 67. Further, the Tribunal asked what difference it would have made to have waited until January 2019 to interview AAA. In a 26 December 2018 e-mail, the investigator advised AAA of MSD's finding that there was no medical impediment to proceed to an interview, but AAA still declined on 2 January 2019 to be interviewed. Also, in previous e-mails, the investigator asked when he would return to MONUSCO. He did not respond to that question, nor did he provide his availability to attend an interview.
- 68. It is clear from his conduct that AAA was not cooperating and therefore, the Administration exercised its discretion in the circumstances to proceed with allegations of misconduct on this basis. It is not up to the Dispute Tribunal to determine the correct action in these circumstances which it attempted to do in the Judgment.
- 69. Regarding due process, the Appeals Tribunal has consistently held that only substantial procedural irregularities can render a disciplinary sanction unlawful.²⁷
- 70. In this instance, the investigator made several attempts to arrange an interview with AAA who did not respond or stated he was ill and/or had already been interviewed. AAA was provided with several invitations to be interviewed in the disciplinary investigation against him but refused to accept any of them. As a result, he cannot claim before the Tribunals that the Administration violated his due process rights because they did not interview him.
- 71. AAA argues that OIOS violated his rights by closing the investigation report without interviewing him contrary to the OIOS Investigation Manual, Section 5.2.2, Subject Interviews. The Dispute Tribunal did not consider or decide this in the Judgment. It appears to be a new argument.
- 72. The OIOS Manual is not an administrative issuance and does not provide subjects of an investigation with the right to be interviewed. Due process rights fully apply only to the disciplinary stage of the process. During

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83.	The Secretary	General's	appeal is granted while AAA's appeal is dismissed.	The
Disput	e Tribunal's Ju	dgment No.	UNDT/2021/091 is hereby reversed.	
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